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Development of Sessile Macrobenthos Community in the Loano Artificial Reef

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"Institute of Marine Sciences and Technology, Dokuz Eylül University, izmir (Turkey) The construction of the Loano artificial redf began in 1986 with the immersion of perforated concrete blocks (2x2x2 m) arranged in pyramids and small modules (concrete blocks 1.2x1.2x1.2 m) distributed over an area of 3x1 km (Relini and Noretti, 1966) 150 big new blocks were added in spring 1989 to protect outer part of the artificial reef damaged by traulers (Relini and Orsi, 1989). Observations on the colonization patterns of macrobenths of hard substrata have been made from 1986 onwards by scuba divers; studies on the settlement and development of the community were carried out from May 1987 to May 1988 using abbeato panels (20x30x0.4 cm) immersed for periods of 1, 3, 6, 9 and 12 months, exposed at four depths (St. 1: Sm; St. 2: 10m; St. 3: 18m; St. 4: 30m). Two more cycles of observations were concerned with periods of exposure of 3, 6, 9, 12 months. A preliminary list of species and some descriptions of colonization were reported at Ancona during WRAM - C.G.P.M. (Relini and Cormagi, 1989). In this paper are referred data on the development of community on substrata exposed for 3, 6, 9, 12 months at four stations from May 1988 to May 1988. After 3 months (fig.1) the panels immersed at station 1 were covered mainly by lage and small colonies of incrusting Bryozons (Schiroporella errate and cryptosula pallasians) followed in order of importance by Hydroids (Loamedea and clytis), Serpulids (Pomatoceros trigueter, Spirobranchus polyterem and Musculus subjictus), Barnacles (Blanus trigonu) and Ascidians (Didemuum maculosum). At station 2 the 3 months estimemit as characterize by few Jaga and incrusting Eryozoans (they are not dominant as at the station 1). More important are spirorbids (*Clytia, Bougainvilla, Obtila*), Barnacles, Algae, Serpulids Anomis, Hydroids, Compound Ascidians and some Sponges. At station 3 Hydroids (*Clytia, Bougainvilla, Obtila*), Barnacles, Algae, Serpulids dominant followed by Hydroids, Serpulids, Bar

Serpulida, Bivalves, Barnacles and many species of Ciclostomes and Cheilostomes Bryozoans. The colonization of substrata of 9 and 12 months (fig.1) exposure is similar so is described together. At station 1 it is a clear dominance of the Bryozoans Schiroporella errata which cover most of the surface; besides the organisms already described there are also some Mussels and Amphipods. At station 2 Corallinaceae, Spirorbide, Serpulida, Barnacles with Sponges, incrusting and non incrusting Bryozoans are the main organisms on annual substrata. At station 3 most of surface is covered by Bryozoans followed by other organisms described on 6 monthe substrata. A similar pattern is shown at station 4 though the amount of settlers is lower. The biomass found at different stations in August, November, February and May is referred in Table 1.

	3m A-88	N-88	F-89	M-89	6m N-88	M-89	9m F-89	12m M-89
ST. 1	4.76	7.55	7.5	7.99	7.49	14.49	15.44	23.63
ST. 2	4.08	3.33	2.75	4.75	4.25	6.91	8	13.66
ST. 3	4.56	2.70	2.68	5.01	5.20	10.76	10.95	18.22
ST. 4	2.33	1.75	1.91	2.75	2.41	3.08	3.08	3.41

Tab. 1 - Wet weights (g/dm^2) on panels immersed for 3, 6, 9, 12 months.

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Fig. 1 - Percent cover of main settlers on substrates immersed for 3 and 12 months at four stations.

References

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