Gas charged sediments in the Aegean and Ionian Seas

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The Aegean and Ionian seas are parts of the Hellenic Arc-Trench system which is located within one of the world's most seismically active zones (MC KENZIE, 1972) and has experienced extreme tectonism through Tertiary and Quaternary times. Normal planar and listric faults which have been active since Pliocene are responsible for the formation of shallow and deep basins (Corinth and Patras gulfs, Trichonis lake, Amvrakikos gulf, Sporades basin) with high rates of uplift and subsidence and resulting high rates of erosion

Instruction have beam of the active since Priocene are responsible for the formation of shallow and deep basin with high rates of uplift and subsidence and resulting high rates of erosion and deposition.
 During the last ten years seismic surveys in various environments in the Aegean and point seas revealed anomalous acoustic characters (acoustic turbid zones, gas pockets, gas plumes, enhanced reflectors, columnar disturbances, wipe outs) and meso to micro morphological features (pockmarks, domes mud volcances, elongated depressions) which were attributed to the presence of gas in sediment interstices (FERENTINOS, 1991). They usually occur in water depths less than 250 m. The gas charged sediments are found in (i) eleistocene and present-day deltaic deposits (forcests and bottomsets) in Amvrakikos gulf, for dikes and present-day deltaic deposits (forcests and bottomsets) in Amvrakikos gulf for the tormation of the structure and present-day deltaic deposits (forcests and bottomsets) is in Amvrakikos gulf for the tormation of the tormation of the tormation of the tormation and the set of the Amvrakikos and Patras gulfs which represent of the Amvrakikos and Patras gulfs are found in these environments.
 The Quaternary sedimentary cover of the Amvrakikos and Patras gulfs which represent of the form of gas plumes migrating along active fault planes or seeping through the so fault plane so caused by the violent escape of gas via fault planes. In Amvrakikos gulf buried to the water column were observed on the seismic records. Seabed displacements due to fault actions: No.
 Den tea environments where gas has been detected in the Sediments are the NW shelf of the Agean sea and the NE shelf of the Ionian sea (Corfu island). In the NW Aegean shelf for Agegan sea for up the shelf of the Ionian sea (Corfu island). In the NW Aegean shelf for Agegan sea for the kernet form of gas adverted in the sediments are the NW shelf of the Agean sea and the NE shelf of the Ionian sea (Cor

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