ea Interaction Fluxes of the Mediterranean Sea

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This work presents monthly analysis of the heat and momentum fluxes for the Mediterranean Sea for the period 1980-1988.
The upper ocean thermodynamics must be well represented in the Mediterranean since it is a mid-latitude basin with intense buoyancy fluxes (high evaporation and sensible heat flux transfer). This work shows the total heat budget of the basin calculated with standard bulk parameterization formulas from available atmospheric and oceanic data sets.
The monthly, seasonal and interranual variability of the atmospheric forcing parameters is also known to be important in the Mediterranean region and it is clearly expected to have important effects on the oceanic flow field. Thus we also analyze the seasonal and internanual variability of the heat and momentum fluxes.
The main data source for this work is the NMC data set for the surface atmospheric quantities (wind components, air temperature and relative humidity) and the "ReynoldS SST data" for the sea surface temperatures. All these basic fields, processed and analyzed, have been set up for the interested region. Also we had available monthly cloud data, that allow us calculate the fluxes under cloudy sky conditions.
We used bulk parameterizations for the sensible and latent heat and parameterizations for the world ocean and of the Mediterranean Sea. We followed the heat flux computations used to ROSATI and MIYAKODA (IPO)1988), that seemed more appropriate in forcing the GCM.
The results show the strength of the latent heat flux on the net total flux, that confirm the fact the Mediterranean basin.
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