

CALLIONYMIDAE

dragonets

Diplogrammus randalli

Fricke, 1983



hoto: D. Seyha

HABITAT AND ECOLOGY

Inhabits shallow sandy substrate. Biology and ecology are unknown.

DISTRIBUTION

Mediterranean record: a single specimen recorded from Fethiye, Turkey in 2016 (Seyhan *et al.*, 2017).

Original distribution: known from the northern Red Sea.

KEY REFERENCE

• Seyhan D., Irmak E. and Fricke R. 2017. *Diplogrammus randalli* (Pisces: Callionymidae), a new Lessepsian migrant recorded from the Mediterranean Sea. *Mediterranean Marine Science*, 18(1): 1-3.

SCOMBRIDAE

tunas and mackerels

Rastrelliger kanagurta

Cuvier, 1816



Photo: John E. Randall

HABITAT AND ECOLOGY

Pelagic fish, mainly in coastal waters. Schooling species. Planktivorous. Often observed swimming through plankton patches with open mouth. Eggs and larvae planktonic.

DISTRIBUTION

Mediterranean record: reported only from Israel in 1967 (Collette, 1970) and later by Golani (2010).

Original distribution: Wide Indo-Pacific. Red Sea, eastern Africa, southern Natal and Madagascar, to Japan, northern Australia and Samoa.

KEY REFERENCE

• Collette B.B. 1970. Rastrelliger kanagurta, another Red Sea immigrant into the Mediterranean Sea, with a key to the Mediterranean species of Scombridae. Bulletin of Sea Fisheries Research Station, Haifa, 53: 3-6.